Data Sheet Autoradiography Examples

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Figure 1: Binding of [³H]DAMGO to μ opioid receptors in coronal sections at the level of the corpus striatum in a rat brain.



Figure 2: [³⁵S]GTP_YS binding in rat brain slices. In the presence of the 5-HT1a agonist, 8-hydroxy-DPAT (10 μ M), [³⁵S]GTP_YS binding was increased relative to basal levels in the hippocampus, ventral cortex and hypothalamus, reflecting the distribution of agonist-activated receptors. Non-specific [³⁵S]GTP_YS binding was defined using unlabeled GTP_YS (10 μ M).



Figure 3: Binding of [³H]LRRK2-IN-1 to the LRRK2 enzyme in rat kidney. Sections on the left are total binding and the two sections on the right non-specific binding, defined using unlabeled LRRK2-IN-1 (10 μ M).



Figure 4: Binding of [35 S]TBPS to GABA_a receptors in the dog cerebellum. The two sections on the left are total binding and the two sections on the right non-specific binding, defined using picrotoxin (30 μ M)



Figure 5: [³H]MK801 binding to NMDA receptors in coronal sections in the rat brain. Upper two sections are total binding and lower two sections non-specific binding, defined using unlabeled MK801 (10 μ M).

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info@giffbio.com www.giffordbioscience.com



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Figure 6: **[**³⁵**S]GTPγS binding in mouse brain sections.** In the presence of DAMGO (0.3 μM), [³⁵S]GTPγS binding was increased relative to basal levels, especially in the striatum and nucleus accumbens, due to activation of mu receptors. Non-specific [³⁵S]GTPγS binding was defined using unlabeled GTPγS (10 μM). Radioactivity levels shown using a color "heat map" scale.

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Figure 7: **Autoradiography in brain from a mouse administered the radioiodinated cannabinoid CB1 receptor radioligand, [125]AM2233.** Sections (coronal) imaged using phosphor imaging. Radioactivity distribution is consistent with selective binding to the CB1 receptor.

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info@giffbio.com www.giffordbioscience.com

